Amendment to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method of determining how a region of a data structure in

an application evolves, comprising steps of:

deriving a suspect region exhibiting problematic data structure evolution in a

running application;

periodically traversing only selected constant-sized subgraphs of a full graph in the

suspect region in the application to a depth of one, in order to detect data structure changes

of patterns in the subgraphs while the application is running, wherein a data structure is a

subgraph of an object reference graph snapshot and the subgraph comprises nodes that own

constituents;

characterizing the data structure changes;

updating a histogram of the suspect region with the characterizations of the data

structure changes;

using these the characterized data structure changes to describe, characterize, and

identify changes to an evolutionary trend of the suspect region as a whole; and

reporting the <u>characterized</u> changes to the region to an analysis agent.

2. (Cancelled)

2

Amendment4 Page 3 of 8

3. (Original) The method of claim 1 used to detect one of the following changes to a

region: additions to a region; removals from a region; and internal restructuring within a

region.

4. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the selected subgraphs to

traverse are derived by

computing the region key keys for the constituents of the data structure; and

identifying the a unique set of paths from owner proxy to change proxy as the set of

traversals.

5. (Currently amended) The method of claim 4 wherein the traversals are shortened by

identifying a subpath of the a path which is unlikely to change as the region

evolves: and

trimming the path to exclude the parts of the path which are unlikely to change.

6. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein determining how [[a]] the

suspect region of a data structure in an application evolves is a continuous and adaptive

process.

7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 6 wherein the process is made

continuous and adaptive by

identifying a set of desired updates; and

adjusting the period an interval in between traversals based on whether the desired

updates have been witnessed.

3

8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 6 wherein the process is made continuous and adaptive by

identifying a set of desired updates; and

adjusting the <u>a</u> frequency of sampling any one traversal based on whether that traversal has detected desired updates.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein the process is made continuous and adaptive by implementing one of the following procedures based on the result of performing a traversal: adding new traversals; removing existing traversals; and modifying the path of existing traversals.
- 10. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising updating qualitative characterizations of the <u>suspect</u> regions under analysis based on structural changes to the regions as a whole.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising

updating quantitative characterizations of the regions under analysis based on structural changes to the regions as a whole.

12-13 (cancelled)

14. (New) The method of claim 6 further comprising using the evolutionary trend to update rankings of regions exhibiting problematic data structure evolution.

Serial Number 10/674,234 Docket Number YOR920030485US1 **Amendment4 Page 5 of 8**

detected.

15. (New) The method of claim 15 wherein updating the histogram comprises:

allocating one row for each suspect region; and storing, for each suspect region:

a ranking of the suspect region;

a proxy-size of the suspect region; and

a summary of attributes of a last change detected and previous n changes

16. (New) The method of claim 15 wherein storing the summary of attributes comprises: classifying the suspect region as a monotonic grower if only addition updates were detected;

classifying the suspect region as an oscillator if a substantially equal distribution of addition and removal updates were detected;

classifying the region as a shrinker if only removal updates were detected; and classifying the region as flatliner if no updates were detected.